A Study Done To Calculate the Required Capacity and the Capital Expenditure to Be Incurred In Establishing A Central Sterile Supply Department (CSSD) In A 1500 Bedded Tertiary Care Institute.

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ABSTRACT:- CSSD is a critical part of a hospital setup and plays a vital role in infection control. For a 1500 bedded hospital with 200 critical care beds and an estimated 40 major procedures and 60 minor procedures per day, the total cost required to establish a state of the art central sterile supply department is Rs 2.3 crores. This was calculated after estimating the required CSSD load of 37000 ltrs per day

Key words:-CSSD, Capacity, Capital Expenditure

I. INTRODUCTION

Health care-associated infections are among major threats to the safety of patient's care. It affects millions of people worldwide and acts as a rising problem ⁴ One of the major risks of these procedures is transmission of pathogens that can lead to infection not only to host barriers but also person-to-person transmission ⁵ Controlling this problem is a major criterion for hospital accreditation ⁶. Both of central sterile supply department (CSSD) and nurses in office of surgical facilities are responsible for cleaning, decontamination, and sterilization of all reusable instruments and items ⁷. Proper sterilization of instruments between patients is an essential action in removing all of microbes and prevention of catastrophic consequences ⁸Central sterile supply departments(CSSD) is a service unit that processes, issues, and controls the sterile stores supply to all departments of the hospital ¹. The purpose of a CSSD is to provide all the departments of a hospital with guaranteed sterile equipment ready and available for immediate use in patient care – a step towards the prevention of hospital acquired infections². Ideally, CSSD is an independent department with facilities to receive, clean, pack, disinfect, sterilizes, store and distribute instruments as per well-delineated protocols. CSSD team members and technicians should examine and establish if the CSSD can effectively service its customers with its current capacity and processing technologies³

II. OBJECTIVES

- 1. To calculate the required capacity of CSSD for a 1500 bedded hospital
- 2. To calculate the cost required in establishing a CSSD as per the above calculated capacity.

III. METHODOLOGY

- Literatures available on the latest trends in CSSD were studied.
- Requisite information regarding advances in CSSD was collected from a private company providing end to end solutions for CSSD and who are into outsourcing of CSSDs in private hospitals.
- The capacity was calculated based on the no of ward beds and critical care beds, average patient occupancy and average no of procedures done per day.
- Costing to establish a CSSD was done based on the average market costs.

IV. OBSERVATIONS AND RESULTS

• Total number of beds - 1500

Estimations based on averages for a 1500 bedded hospital:

- No. of Critical care beds 200
- Major procedures per day 40
- Minor procedures per day 60

No of OPD boxes - 60

Basis for Calculation of Sterilizer Capacity

- Each Major procedure will occupy 200ltr of steam sterilization capacity
- Each Minor procedure will occupy 100ltr of steam sterilization capacity
- Each Critical bed will occupy 24ltr of steam sterilization capacity
- Each normal bed will occupy 12ltr of steam sterilization capacity
- Each OPD box will occupy 6ltr of steam sterilization capacity
- 25% of steam sterilization capacity is the capacity of washer disinfector required.
- 10% of steam sterilizer is needed for low temperature sterilization option.
- As per the data given the capacity calculation is as follows:
- Major Procedures: 40 X 200 = 8000ltr per day
- Minor Procedures : $60 \times 100 = 6000$ ltr per day
- Critical Beds: $200 \times 24 = 4800$ ltr per day
- Normal Beds: $1000 \times 12 = 12000$ ltr per day
- OPD $60 \times 6 = 360$ ltr per day
- Total 31160ltr per day
- Adding 20% margin which is equal 6232ltr
- Grand Total Requirement Daily is 37392ltr
- CSSD will run for three shifts, hence a total of 20 cycles of steam sterilization can be run daily.
- Hence the CSSD will require 37392/20 = 1870 (1900ltr of steam)
- From above, NIMS requires 3 sterilizers of 750ltr capacity. Washer Disinfector requirement is 30% of 1900ltr of steam requirement, hence 570ltr of washer 2 washer disinfectors of 300ltr capacity.
- About 20% of steam sterilizer is the low temperature option needed per day. Hence therequirement is appox.400ltr. The hospital should plan for two options Ethylene Oxide sterilizerand Plasma sterilizer. Plasma sterilizer can have about 2 loads daily while EO sterilizer can onlyhave one cycle daily. Hence hospital will need an EO sterilizer of 400ltr and Plasma of 100ltr.

Expenditure to be incurred for equipment:

Equipment Details	Unit price	Tax @14%	Total (INR)	Qty	TOTAL (INR)
Steam Sterlizer 750 Lit, (Approximate size)	2400000.00	336000.00	2736000.00	3	8208000.00
EO Sterilizer 400ltr	1400000.00	196000.00	1596000.00	1	1596000.00
Plasma sterilizer	4800000.00	672000.00	5472000.00	1	5472000.00
Washer Disinfector with accessories	1225000.00	171500.00	1396500.00	2	2793000.00
Ultrasonic Cleaner,	200000.00	28000.00	228000.00	1	228000.00
Rotary Sealer,	45000.00	6300.00	51300.00	1	51300.00
Hot Air Oven	200000.00	28000.00	228000.00	1	228000.00
DM Water Plant	75000.00	10500.00	85500.00	1	85500.00
Solar Panels for heating water	150000.00	21000.00	171000.00	2	342000.00
HVAC 44 TR	1176000.00	164640.00	1340640.00	1	1340640.00
Spray Gun Rinser,	15000.00	2100.00	17100.00	2	34200.00
Modular Sterilizing Basket 585 x 395 x 195mm	2000.00	280.00	2280.00	144	328320.00
Modular Sterilizing Basket 585 x 395 x 100mm	1850.00	259.00	2109.00	60	126540.00
Instrument Tray - appropriate size	3500.00	490.00	3990.00	144	574560.00
Control And Packing Table	75000.00	10500.00	85500.00	3	256500.00
Linen Inspection & Fold Table	65000.00	9100.00	74100.00	1	74100.00
SS Wet Work Table With Undershelf	28000.00	3920.00	31920.00	3	95760.00

Front Open Storage Racks (Floor Mounted)	45000.00	6300.00	51300.00	10	513000.00
SS Dry Work Table with bottom shelves	32000.00	4480.00	36480.00	3	109440.00
SS Wash Station with 1 sink	50000.00	7000.00	57000.00	1	57000.00
SS Table Trolley	19000.00	2660.00	21660.00	2	43320.00
SS Basket Racks	42000.00	5880.00	47880.00	6	287280.00
SS Closed Transport Trolley	65000.00	9100.00	74100.00	2	148200.00
Washing Station with 2 sinks	60000.00	8400.00	68400.00	2	136800.00
Linen Distribution Trolley	30000.00	4200.00	34200.00	1	34200.00
Storewel Cupboard	60000.00	8400.00	68400.00	1	68400.00
Shoe Rack	28000.00	3920.00	31920.00	1	31920.00
BUS Transport/ Storage Trolley	19000.00	2660.00	21660.00	3	64980.00
Passbox	52000.00	7280.00	59280.00	2	118560.00
Revolving Stool	12740	1783.60	14523.6	20	290472.00
Working Chairs	14700	2058.00	16758	3	50274.00
Storage Rack for Packing Materials	58800	8232.00	67032	1	67032.00
TOTAL					2,38,55,298.00

V. DISCUSSION

For a 1500 bedded hospital with 200 critical care beds and an estimated 40 major procedures and 60 minor procedures per day, the total cost required to establish a state of the art central sterile supply department is Rs 2.3 crores. This was calculated after estimating the required CSSD load of 37000 ltrs per day. Establishing a CSSD requires heavy capital investment and the department does not generate direct revenue but it's a very important supporting department and is critical to the functions of the hospital.

VI. CONCLUSION

CSSD is a critical part of a hospital setup and plays a vital role in infection control. Technologies available for CSSD functions are evolving and new technologies should be considered when renovating or rebuilding the CSSD.

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